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## In the claims:

1. (Original) A method of forming light extraction features for a light emitting device having a substrate and a semiconductor light emitting element on the substrate, comprising:

shaping a surface of a semiconductor layer of the light emitting device utilizing a laser to define three dimensional geometric patterns in the layer.

- 2. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the semiconductor layer comprises a layer of the light emitting element.
- 3. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the semiconductor layer comprises a contact layer of the light emitting element.
- 4. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the semiconductor layer comprise the substrate of the light emitting device.
- 5. (Original) The method of Claim 4, wherein the substrate comprises a silicon carbide substrate.
- 6. (Original) The method of Claim 4, wherein the substrate comprises a sapphire substrate.
- 7. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein shaping a surface of a semiconductor layer comprises applying laser light to the semiconductor at an energy sufficient to remove material from the semiconductor layer.
- 8. (Original) The method of Claim 2, wherein applying laser light to the semiconductor layer is followed by etching the semiconductor layer.
- 9. (Original) The method of Claim 8, wherein etching the semiconductor layer comprises anisotropically etching the semiconductor layer.

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10. (Original) The method of Claim 7, wherein applying laser light to the semiconductor layer comprises:

applying laser light to the semiconductor layer using mask projection optics that applies the light in a predefined mask pattern to the semiconductor layer; and stepping the mask pattern to different regions of the semiconductor layer to

provide a plurality of the three dimensional geometric patterns.

- 11. (Original) The method of Claim 7, wherein the laser light comprises light from an excimer laser operating at about 308 nm.
- 12. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein a plurality of geometric patterns are provided in the surface of the semiconductor layer, the geometric patterns extending into the semiconductor layer and having uninterrupted perimeters at a same level of the semiconductor layer.
- 13. (Original) The method of Claim 4, wherein the surface of the substrate is on a side of the substrate opposite the light emitting element.
- 14. (Original) The method of Claim 4, wherein the surface of the substrate is on a same side of the substrate as the light emitting element.
- 15. (Original) The method of Claim 1, shaping a surface of the semiconductor layer precedes singulation of the substrate into individual light emitting devices.
- 16. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 1, wherein the three dimensional geometric patterns include parabolic features.
- 17. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein a plurality of geometric patterns are generated in the surface of the semiconductor layer, the plurality of geometric patterns including a plurality of different geometric patterns.

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18. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 1, wherein the geometric patterns provide a curved substrate.

- 19. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 1, wherein the geometric patterns comprise lenses formed in the semiconductor layer.
- 20. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 1, wherein the geometric patterns comprise a plurality of sinusoidal grooves in the semiconductor layer.
- 21. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the geometric patterns comprise randomization features formed in the semiconductor layer.
- 22. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein shaping a surface of a semiconductor layer utilizing a laser to define three dimensional geometric patterns in the semiconductor layer comprises:

patterning a mask layer on the semiconductor layer using a laser; and etching the semiconductor layer using the patterned mask layer to define the three dimensional geometric patterns.

- 23. (Original) The method of Claim 22, wherein the mask is a polymer mask.
- 24. (Original) The method of Claim 22, wherein patterning a mask layer on the semiconductor layer using a laser comprises patterning a mask layer on the semiconductor layer using a laser to remove mask material.
- 25. (Original) The method of Claim 22, wherein patterning a mask layer on the semiconductor layer using a laser comprises:

patterning a master template with a laser; and embossing the mask layer using the master template.

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- 26. (Original) The method of Claim 4, further comprising forming the light emitting element on the substrate.
- 27. (Original) The method of Claim 26, wherein forming the light emitting element is carried out subsequent to shaping the surface of the substrate.

28-38. (Cancelled)

39. (Original) A method of fabricating a microelectronic substrate, comprising:

removing material from the microelectronic substrate utilizing a laser to define three dimensional geometric light extraction patterns in the substrate.

- 40. (Original) The method of Claim 39, further comprising etching the substrate subsequent to the removal of material utilizing a laser.
- 41. (Original) The method of Claim 39, wherein etching utilizes an anisotropic etch.
- 42. (Original) The method of Claim 39, wherein the microelectronic substrate comprises silicon carbide and/or sapphire.
- 43. (Original) The method of Claim 39, further comprising forming a light emitting element on the microelectronic substrate.
- 44. (Original) The method of Claim 43, wherein the light emitting element is formed on a surface of the substrate having the three dimensional geometric patterns.
  - 45. (Cancelled).

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46. (Original) A method of shaping a surface of a silicon carbide substrate, comprising:

patterning a mask layer on the silicon carbide substrate using a laser; and etching the silicon carbide substrate using the patterned mask layer to define the three dimensional geometric patterns.

- 47. (Original) The method of Claim 46, wherein the mask is a polymer mask.
- 48. (Original) The method of Claim 46, further comprising forming a light emitting element on the substrate.
- 49. (Original) The method of Claim 46, wherein a shape of the pattern of the mask layer is based on a difference between an etch rate of the silicon carbide substrate and an etch rate of the mask layer.
- 50. (Original) The method of Claim 46, further comprising forming a micro-mask between the mask layer and the silicon carbide substrate, the micro-mask being configured to roughen a surface of the substrate during etching.
- 51. (Original) The method of Claim 50, wherein the micro-mask comprises an aluminum layer between the mask layer and the substrate.
- 52. (Original) The method of Claim 46, wherein the three dimensional geometric patters comprise a plurality of different geometric patterns.
- 53. (Original) The method of Claim 52, wherein the plurality of different geometric patters are provided in a single etch and in a single patterning of the mask layer.

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54. (Original) The method of Claim 46, wherein patterning a mask layer on the silicon carbide substrate using a laser comprises patterning a mask layer on the silicon carbide substrate using a laser to remove material from the mask layer.

55. (Original) The method of Claim 46, wherein patterning a mask layer on the semiconductor layer using a laser comprises:

patterning a master template with a laser; and embossing the mask layer using the master template.

56. (Original) A method of forming light extraction features for a light emitting device having a substrate and a semiconductor light emitting element on the substrate, comprising:

blanket annealing a surface of the substrate utilizing a laser to define three dimensional features in the substrate.

- 57. (Original) The method of Claim 56, wherein blanket annealing a surface of the substrate comprises applying laser light to the substrate at an energy below an ablation threshold of the substrate.
- 58. (Original) The method of Claim 56, wherein the surface of the substrate is on a side of the substrate opposite the light emitting element.
- 59. (Original) The method of Claim 56, wherein the substrate is a silicon carbide substrate.
- 60. (Original) The method of Claim 56, wherein the substrate is a sapphire substrate.
- 61. (Original) The method of Claim 56, wherein blanket annealing comprises:

blanket annealing a first region of the substrate; and then

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blanket annealing a second region of the substrate, different from the first region of the substrate.

- 62. (Original) The method of Claim 56, wherein the three-dimensional features are in a substantially random pattern.
  - 63. (Cancelled).
- 66. (Original) A method of fabricating a light emitting device having a substrate and a semiconductor light emitting element on the substrate, the light emitting element having a plurality of layers of semiconductor material, comprising:

patterning a surface of at least one of the layers of semiconductor material utilizing a laser.

- 67. (Original) The method of Claim 66, wherein the at least one of the layers of semiconductor material comprises a contact layer.
- 68. (Original) The method of Claim 66, wherein patterning a surface comprises applying laser light to the at least one layer of semiconductor material at an energy sufficient to remove material from the at least one layer of semiconductor material.
- 69. (Original) The method of Claim 66, wherein patterning a surface comprises:

patterning a mask layer on the at least one layer of semiconductor material using a laser; and

etching the at least one layer of semiconductor material using the patterned mask layer.

70. (Original) The method of Claim 69, wherein patterning a mask layer on the at least one layer of semiconductor material using a laser comprises patterning

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a mask layer on the at least one layer of semiconductor material using a laser to remove material from the mask layer.

71. (Original) The method of Claim 69, wherein patterning a mask layer comprises:

patterning a master template with a laser; and embossing the mask layer using the master template.

- 72. (Original) The method of Claim 66, wherein patterning a surface comprises laser blanket annealing a surface of at least one layer of semiconductor material.
- 73. (Original) The method of Claim 72, wherein laser blanket annealing is carried out at an energy of less than an ablation threshold of the at least one layer of semiconductor material.
  - 74. (Cancelled).
- 75. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein shaping a surface of a semiconductor layer of the light emitting device utilizing a laser comprises blanket annealing the surface utilizing a laser to define three dimensional features in the layer.